## **Research Gaps**

For efficient detection of cardiovascular disease monitoring, efficient pre-processing and transmission of the ECG data is required. The significance of the proposed framework is outlined below.

- An efficient ECG data compression technique is needed to minimise the storage of medical information/Data requirements and the traffic going to and coming from the communication channels. The transmission of medical information would be secured through scrambling and encryption.
- There is a need to perform the connectivity with the help of different mobile
  or fixed phones through a database by which specialists can access patients'
  recent and historical ECG records across hospitals and provide pre-hospital
  treatment during Golden Hours.
- Increasing security during ECG signal transmission is the goal of this new endeavor. The main problem with maintaining data security and authentication throughout the use of e-health in medical centers after a review of the available options. For encryption and authentication most of the proposed research deals with the various encryption and authentication methods for security purposes.

## **Objectives of Research**

Based on the literature review and research gaps, the following objectives have been developed for this research work:

- To identify the annotated ECG records from globally available databases and pre-process cardiac status monitoring records.
- To develop a decision-making module for analysis of the pre-processed records to detect cardiovascular disorders for cardiac assessment.

- To implement cloud/IoT web server-based service to synchronize the health status for seamless and continuous remote monitoring of cardiac tracking to provide multiple consultations through connectivity from cardiologists using mobile devices.
- To enhance the existing performance parameters like accuracy, sensitivity, and specificity and to validate the proposed research work.